Cherwell District Council

Budget Planning Committee

25 July 2023

Monthly Finance Performance Report

Report of Assistant Director of Finance

This report is public

Purpose of report

This report summarises Cherwell District Council's (CDC's) Outturn position for revenue and capital for 2022/2023 and gives the Committee the opportunity to consider the financial aspects of the report.

The council has been successful in delivering a revenue outturn position for 2022/23 with an overall minor underspend of (£0.001m). This is a significant achievement under the current economic circumstances.

The Council has an in-year capital underspend of $(\pounds 14.958m)$ against a budget of $\pounds 24.413m$, of which $\pounds 14.273m$ is requested to be reprofiled in future years. This represents an overall decrease in the total cost of schemes of $(\pounds 0.685m)$ due to a number of schemes no longer going ahead.

1.0 Recommendations

The meeting is recommended:

1.1 To note the contents of this report.

2.0 Introduction

2.1 This report provides with financial insight on our overall delivery against the council's business plan priorities from April 2022 to March 2023.

Revenue Budget

2.2 The council has been successful in delivering an outturn position for 2022/23 with an overall minor underspend of (£0.001m). This is a significant achievement under the current economic circumstances.

Capital Budget

2.4 The Council has an in-year underspend of (£14.958m), of which £14.273m is requested to be reprofiled in future years. This represents an overall decrease in

the total cost of schemes of (£0.685m) due to a number of schemes no longer going ahead.

2.5 There is a total capital project spend for the council of £33.703m resulting in an underspend of (£0.685m).

3.0 Report Details

- 3.1 The council has been successful in delivering an outturn position for 2022/23 with an overall minor underspend of (£0.001m). This is a significant achievement under the current economic circumstances. In addition to being able to come in under budget, the Council has been able to address a number of items within the outturn to benefit the Council:
 - £1.145m has been identified to be set aside to contribute to reserves. This will be used to mitigate a deficit in the business rates collection fund in 2024/25.
 - The Council was able to identify underspends across the organsiation to address an underachievement of S31 grant income in 2022/23 of £0.871m due to business rates reliefs funded by S31 grant being lower than budgeted.
 - Addressing these two issues now have the dual benefit of
 - o not increasing the pressure on the 2024/25 budget, and
 - relieves pressure on the 2022/23 budget which had assumed that it would need to make contributions to reserves to address these issues.
 - The Council had also budgeted to use £1.200m of reserves from capital fund, none of which was required due to underspends elsewhere in the budget and has all been returned to reserves.
 - In addition the Council was still able to make a contribution of £0.200m to the General Fund, compared to a budgeted commitment of £0.500m.

Report Details

	Original Budget	Current Budget	Year End Position at March	March Variance (Under) / Over	% Variance to current budget	January Variance (Under) / Over	Change since Previous (better) / worse
Service	£m	£m	£m	£m	%	£m	£m
HR & OD	0.822	0.852	0.809	(0.043)	-5.0%	0.000	(0.043)
Wellbeing & Housing	3.339	3.780	3.776	(0.004)	-0.1%	0.170	(0.174)
Customer Focus	1.606	1.848	2.021	0.173	9.4%	0.185	(0.012)
Chief Executive	5.767	6.480	6.606	0.126	1.9%	0.355	(0.229)
Finance	2.850	3.134	3.292	0.158	5.0%	(0.024)	0.182
Legal & Democratic	1.709	1.904	2.111	0.207	10.9%	0.169	0.038
ICT	1.235	1.251	1.380	0.129	10.3%	0.175	(0.046)
Property	(3.196)	(1.483)	(1.539)	(0.056)	3.8%	(0.097)	0.041
Resources	2.598	4.806	5.244	0.438	9.1%	0.223	0.215
Planning & Development	1.752	1.814	0.923	(0.891)	-49.1%	(0.663)	(0.228)

Table 1: Year End Position

Growth & Economy	0.336	0.779	0.724	(0.055)	-7.1%	(0.040)	(0.015)	
Environmental	4.057	4.664	5.736	1.072	23.0%	0.933	0.139	
Regulatory	1.112	1.123	1.126	0.003	0.3%	0.000	0.003	
Communities	7.257	8.380	8.509	0.129	1.5%	0.230	(0.101)	
Subtotal for Directorates	15.622	19.666	20.359	0.693	3.5%	0.808	(0.115)	
Executive Matters	4.315	3.076	2.240	(0.836)	-27.2%	(0.515)	(0.321)	
Policy Contingency	3.555	0.750	0.021	(0.729)	-97.2%	(0.332)	(0.397)	
Total	23.492	23.492	22.620	(0.872)	-3.7%	(0.039)	(0.833)	

FUNDING	(23.492)	(23.492)	(22.621)	0.871	-3.7%
(Surplus)/Deficit	0.000	0.000	(0.001)	(0.001)	

0.000	0.871	
(0.039)	0.038	

Note: A positive variance is an overspend or a reduction in predicted income and a negative is an underspend or extra income received. Green represents an underspend and red represents a overspend for the current month's forecast.

Funding - Business Rates Income

Table 1.2 provides a breakdown of the business rates outturn position for 2022/23.

The variance of £0.871m has been met from underspends identified at year end across the organisation and is explained in detail in Appendix 2.

Table 1.2: Business Rates Outturn 2022/23

Business Rates Breakdown	Original Budget £m	Year End £m	Variance £m
Business Rates Share	(34.474)	(34.474)	0.000
Business Rates Tariff	29.072	29.072	0.000
Business Rates Levy	4.467	5.294	0.827
Business Rates Pooling Gain	(2.210)	(2.442)	(0.232)
Section 31 grants	(8.406)	(8.130)	0.276
Previous Year Collection Fund Deficit	10.479	10.479	0.000
Use of Section 31 Reserve	(10.324)	(10.324)	0.00
Grand Total	(11.397)	(10.526)	0.871

Table 2: Analysis of Forecast Variance – December 2022
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Breakdown of current month forecast	Outturn	Base Budget Over/ (Under)	Savings Non- Delivery
Torecast	£m	£m	£m
Chief Executive	0.126	(0.097)	0.223
Resources	0.438	0.213	0.225
Communities	0.129	(0.249)	0.378
Subtotal Directorates	0.693	(0.133)	0.826
Executive Matters	(0.836)	(0.836)	0.000
Policy Contingency	(0.729)	(0.729)	0.000
Total	(0.872)	(1.698)	0.826
FUNDING	0.871	0.871	0.000
(Surplus)/Deficit	(0.001)	(0.827)	0.826

Table 3 – Budget compared with Outturn

The graph below shows the change from January's forecast to March's outturn position for the financial year.

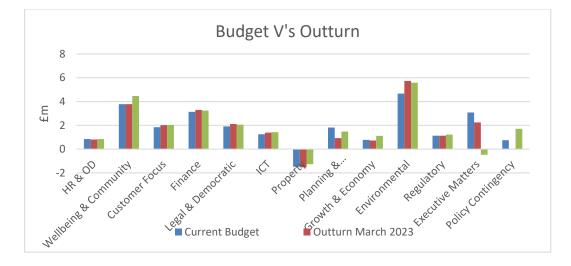


Table 4: Top Five Major Variances:

Portfolio	Current Budget	Variance	% Variance
Development Management	(0.024)	(0.850)	3541.7%
Policy Contingency	0.750	(0.729)	-97.2%
Interest	(2.375)	(0.593)	25.0%
Car Parks	(0.950)	0.347	-36.5%
Waste & Recycling	2.933	0.597	20.4%
Total	0.334	(1.228)	

The top 5 services differ slightly from last month although there is an overall improvement of (£1.136m)

Development Management Variance (£0.850m) [January Variance (£0.742m)]: -

Development Management income exceeded expectations ($\pounds 2.702m$) compared to a budget of ($\pounds 2.249m$) and a further ($\pounds 0.118m$) was received from monitoring fees owing. This represents an additional ($\pounds 0.571m$) over that expected.

Policy Contingency

The movement in policy contingency is shown in the table below: -

Policy Contingency	Budget	Expenditure	Notes		
Driginal Budget	3.555				
nflation Contingency	-0.334		Jsed to fund pay award		
Affordable Housing	-0.840		For Town Centre Roof		
Commercial Risk	-0.458		Car Park Income		
General Contingency	0.077		77k is relating to Saving GWR002 removed		
General Contingency	0.300		Reduction in General fund contribution		
General Contingency	-0.010		Jtility cost review		
General Contingency	-0.010		Elections budget realignment		
General Contingency	-0.047		Pension Strain		
Separation Costs	-0.399		Decoupling pressure		
General Contingency	0.061		NI reduction returned from services to Policy Contingency		
General Contingency	-1.145		Contribution to S31 Reserve		
		0.021	Minor corporate costs funded from general contingency		
	0.750	0.021			

Interest Variance (£0.593m) [January Variance (£0.515m)]: -

In July 2022 the Council identified that interest rates were rising and took the decision to borrow $\pounds 66m$ to address its borrowing needs over the following two years. This has successfully insulated the Council from the increased borrowing costs that have taken place since then. The Council has been able to invest this surplus cash prior to loan repayments becoming due. As interest rates have increased, the council is anticipating higher than budgeted income of ($\pounds 0.593m$).

Car Parks Variance £0.347m [January Variance £0.332m]: -

There is a £0.347m reduction in car park income which has previously been reported mainly due to reduced volumes as a result of ongoing changes in customer behaviour. This has been addressed in the budget for 2023/24 and a review of the councils assets in the future will aim to maximise use of space.

Waste & Recycling Variance £0.597m [January Variance £0.624m]: -

The pressure within Waste and Recycling of $\pounds 0.597m$ is a result of a combination factors. An increase of $\pounds 0.571m$ in employee costs due to continued unusual amount of long-term sickness and vacancies. Gate fees have risen by $\pounds 0.269m$ due to a decrease in the value of recycled materials and an increase of $\pounds 0.081m$ on transport costs of which $\pounds 0.109m$ is result of high fuel costs.

For further details of forecast variances please see appendix 2

Table 5 - Earmarked Reserves and General Balances at March 2023

Reserves	Balance 1 April 2022	Original Budgeted use/ (contribution)	Changes agreed since budget setting	Changes proposed March 2023	Balance 31 March 2023
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
General Balance	(5.950)	(0.500)	0.000	0.300	(6.150)
Earmarked	(23.691)	2.262	(2.067)	(4.555)	(28.051)
Ringfenced Grant	(16.215)	11.205	2.696	(2.015)	(4.329)
Subtotal Revenue	(45.856)	12.967	0.629	(6.270)	(38.530)
Capital	(8.049)	0.000	0.000	0.000	(8.049)
Total	(53.905)	12.967	0.629	(6.270)	(46.579)

The table below is a summary of the level of reserves the council holds.

For further detail on the reserves please see Appendix 5.

4.2 Capital

The Council has an in-year underspend of $(\pounds 14.958m)$, of which $\pounds 14.273m$ is requested to be reprofiled in future years. This represents an overall decrease in the total cost of schemes of $(\pounds 0.685m)$ due to a number of schemes no longer going ahead.

Table 6 - Capital Spend 2022/2023

Directorate	Budget £m	Outturn 2022/23 £m	Re-profiled beyond 2022/23 £m	Variance to Budget £m	Prior Month Variance to Budget £m
Chief Executives	4.602	2.305	2.297	0.001	(0.002)
Resources	14.571	6.133	7.738	(0.699)	(0.552)
Communities	5.241	1.017	4.238	0.014	0.020
Total	24.413	9.455	14.273	(0.685)	(0.534)

Table 7 – How the Capital Programme is financed

Financing	22/23 Budget	Future Years
Borrowing	17.230	9.312
Reserves	7.183	0
	24.413	9.312

Table 8 – Total Capital Project Forecast

There is a total capital project spend for the council of \pounds 33.703m resulting in an underspend of (\pounds 0.685m).

Directorate	Budget £m	Total Outturn 2022/23 £m	Variance to Budget £m	Prior Month Variance to Budget £m
Chief Executives	5.320	5.320	0.001	(0.002)
Resources	14.551	13.851	(0.700)	(0.552)
Communities	13.833	13.847	0.014	0.020
Total	33.703	33.019	(0.685)	(0.534)

For further detail please view appendix 1 Finance Capital December 2022.

Table 9 - Top Five in Year Capital Variances: -

Code	Assistant Director	Top 5 In-Year Variances	Budget Total £'000	Reprofile to 23/24 £'000
40260	Ed Potter	Land for New Bicester Depot	3,000	2,989
40144	Andrew Low	Castle Quay	3,257	2,985
40131	Nicola Riley	S106 Capital Costs	1,744	1,637
40239	Andrew Low	Bicester East Community Centre	1,450	1,371
40262	Andrew Low/Nicola Riley	Affordable Housing	1,200	1,156
			4,394	4,164

The top 5 capital projects differ to January's reporting and there has been an increase in the budget reprofiling into 2023/24 of £5.329m.

Land for New Bicester Depot: -

Due to rapid growth within the area the Council has identified a new site for the Bicester Depot and terms for the purchase are expected to be finalised early in 23/24. A project team has been established to develop the site under a separate capital scheme. The design is expected to maximise income opportunities in vehicle maintenance, energy cost reduction and which will greatly benefit the district and further our commitment to carbon reduction.

Castle Quay : -

As part of the Castle Quay Development and the regeneration of Banbury, the Council is working closely and in partnership with Oxfordshire County Council and The Mill Arts to provide new Library and Arts Facilities in Banbury respectively. Whilst arrangements are being finalised the Council has paused developments resulting in capital slippage which will be required in 2023/24.

S106 Capital : -

The budget allocation is for 16 projects funded by S106. Due to the clauses of grant agreements, the passporting of S106 funds is reliant upon timely project delivery by other bodies outside of the Council's control. Therefore, the majority of projects will be delivered in 2023/24.

Bicester East Community Centre: -

Expected start date on site is Quarter 1of 2023/24. £1.371m of capital funding from 22/23 remains allocated to deliver this bespoke community centre for local residents.

Affordable Housing: -

We have engaged design professionals to prepare the specification of works which are required to effect both the repair to the roof and the reinstatement of the living accommodation, which has been affected by the invasive investigative works which we have undertaken. The tender process will be completed in early 2023/24 with the aim being to complete the required works within the next 12 months.

4.0 Conclusion and Reasons for Recommendations

4.1 It is recommended that the contents of the report are noted.

5.0 Consultation

None required

6.0 Alternative Options and Reasons for Rejection

6.1 The report sets out CDC's revenue and capital outturn position for 2022/23. No alternative options have been considered.

7.0 Implications

Financial and Resource Implications

7.1 There are no direct financial considerations as a result of this report as it is reporting what has already been approved by Executive.

Comments checked by: Michael Furness, Assistant Director of Finance, 01295 221845, <u>michael.furness@cherwell-dc.gov.uk</u>

7.2 Legal Implications

There are no legal implications arising directly as a result of this report.

Comments checked by: Shiraz Sheikh, Assistant Director Law & Governance, 01295 221651 shiraz.sheikh@cherwell-dc.gov.uk

Risk Implications

7.3 There are no risk implications arising directly as a result of this report. Any risks will be managed as part of the operational risk register and escalated as and when necessary to the Leadership Risk Register.

Comments checked by: Shona Ware, Assistant Director – Customer Focus, 01295 221652 <u>shona.ware@cherwell-dc.gov.uk</u>

Equalities and Inclusion Implications

7.4 There are no equalities implications arising directly as a result of this report. Any service or policy review required to support any reprofiled spend will have an accompanying Equalities Impact Assessment as needed.

Comments checked by: Shona Ware, Assistant Director – Customer Focus, 01295 221652 <u>shona.ware@cherwell-dc.gov.uk</u>

Sustainability Implications

7.5 There are no direct sustainability implications as a result of this report.

Comments checked by: Jo Miskin, Climate Action Manager, Environmental Services, 01295 221748, Jo.Miskin@cherwell-dc.gov.uk

8.0 Decision Information

Key Decision	N/A
Financial Threshold Met:	N/A
Community Impact Threshold Met:	N/A

Wards Affected

All

Links to Corporate Plan and Policy Framework

All

Document Information

Appendix number and title

• Appendix 1 – Finance Capital March 2023

- Appendix 2 Detailed Revenue Narrative on Outturn 2023
- Appendix 3 Virements and Aged Debt Outturn 2023
- Appendix 4 Funding Outturn 2023
- Appendix 5 Use of Reserves and Grant Funding Outturn 2023
- Appendix 6 Transfers to Reserves to be released in 23/24

Report Author and contact details

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